## **Breeding Count Summary**

If you thought the numbers of birds were low this year you were right. On a per count hour basis, this was the worst breeding count we have had. The 25 birds seen per count hour was 60% of the average of the past 5 years. The montane count areas were not so bad - this was only the second worst breeding count as total numbers were 77% of the average of the past 5 years. The subalpine/alpine areas were worse at 49% of the average of the past 5 years.

Species that were under 50% of the past 5-year average included Hairy Woodpecker, Barn Swallow, Clark's Nutcracker, Brown Creeper, Golden-crowned Kinglet, Western Bluebird, Mountain Bluebird, Townsend's Solitaire, American Pipit, Yellow Warbler, Chipping Sparrow, Fox Sparrow, Song Sparrow, White-crowned Sparrow, Cassin's Finch, and Pine Siskin.

Some other bird reports from Colorado are showing similar results. The Guanella Pass Breeding Bird Survey (BBS) route observed just 33% of their 5-year average (email from David Suddjian to CoBirds). Possible explanations include the extended drought in much of the West, heavy smoke, and the mass die-off last Fall documented in parts of the West that was partially triggered by an early cold spell.

### **Breeding Count Summary**

Number of Species 2021 – 112 30-Year Average – 102 Last Year – 108 Record High – 112 (2001) Record Low – 88 (1984)

Number of Individuals 2021 – 25 per count hour 30-Year Average – 44 Last Year – 40 Record High – 59 (2004) Record Low – 31 (1982)

I don't always trust the per count hour data, so let's look at raw numbers. The 3,806 birds observed is the first time since 1990 that we have been below the 4,000 bird mark and is the 5th lowest total count. The declines were pretty much across the board. The following table looks at the top 10 species for 2021 and compares them with the 2020 numbers. Also keep in mind that in 2021 we had more field hours, more participants, and more count areas covered than in 2020. For all birds, 2021 saw a 32% decline from 2020. Any way you look at it, it was a very poor count. We could only find a single Brown Creeper (I have yet to hear or see one this summer, which makes me think my hearing might be going).

# 2021 Top 10 Species (followed by 2020 count)

(10110 wed by 2020 count)			
Broad-tailed Hummingbird. 355 (540)			
American Robin 313 (374)			
Dark-eyed Junco 223 (363)			
Ruby-crowned Kinglet 210 (249)			
Lincoln's Sparrow 198 (164)			
Mountain Chickadee 163 (199)			
Warbling Vireo 148 (152)			
Yellow-rumped Warbler 125 (204)			
Tree Swallow 109 (138)			
Hermit Thrush 94 (144)			

There were some exceptions. Warbling Vireo, Lincoln's Sparrow, and Wilson's Warbler had average counts - the Guanella Pass BBS also noted that Warbling Vireo and Wilson's Warbler were near average numbers. Most flycatchers (Dusky, Hammond's and Cordilleran), Downy Woodpecker, Swainson's Thrush, Western Tanager, and Black-headed Grosbeak were also at average numbers. Canada Goose saw a record high - their higher than historic numbers on the Breeding Count began in 2018, possibly in response to concerted efforts to haze them away from golf courses and parks in the metro area.

Since there was an average to above-

average snowpack and May was wet, I thought maybe some of the birds that would normally nest in the subalpine would opt for the montane. From numerical evidence only the American Robin may have chosen this strategy as their numbers in the subalpine were about half of normal, while in the montane they were above average.

In terms of total species this was a very good count as the 112 species observed tied the record, attesting to our outstanding field effort. Good finds included Wild Turkey (6th time; Eldora and Caribou Ranch; all sightings since 2008), Western Grebe (3rd time; Nederland), Eurasian-collared Dove (9th time; Sugarloaf - all sightings since 2000), Calliope Hummingbird (3rd time; Caribou Ranch), American White Pelican (4th time; Arapaho Ranch), Boreal Owl (3rd time; Nederland), Bushtit (2nd time; King Lake - a small flock at 11,000 feet), Lazuli Bunting (7th time - Caribou Ranch).

Species normally seen over 50% of the time but missed this year included Greenwinged Teal (this is 7th Breeding Count in a row they have not been seen), Northern Roughwinged Swallow, and Western Bluebird.

This is our 40th year of the Indian Peaks Bird Count. Our field effort - 153 hours - was excellent. There is no loss of effort for the Breeding Count. We continue to pick up some new participants to supplement us old-timers with some fresh legs and young ears. We will continue the Breeding Count in the years ahead.

As always, thanks for your continued participation.

#### **Looking Ahead**

# Fall Count

Count Period - September 11-26

This will be the 40th and final Fall Count. To the new participants on the Breeding Count, if you can make it out that would be great.

Happy Birding, Dave Hallock

#### 2021 INDIAN PEAKS BREEDING BIRD COUNT

Count period – June 1 – July 15; Weather: first 3 weeks of June were warmer and drier than normal, remainder of period was more seasonal with average to above average moisture. Forty-one observers, 22 (of 25) areas covered. Total party hours: 153.

Canada Goose66	Northern Flicker35	American Robin 313
Mallard41	Olive-sided Flycatcher 10	European Starling4
Ring-necked Duck2	Western Wood-Pewee 15	House Sparrow
Common Merganser2	Hammond's Flycatcher 14	American Pipit31
Wild Turkey2	Dusky Flycatcher 29	Pine Grosbeak17
White-tailed Ptarmigan7	Hammonds/Dusky Fly 1	Brown-capped Rosy-Finch4
Dusky Grouse1	Cordilleran Flycatcher 60	House Finch8
Western Grebe1	Empidonax species	Cassin's Finch
Band-tailed Pigeon15	Say's Phoebe 1	Red Crossbill
Eurasian-collared Dove4	Warbling Vireo 148	Pine Siskin
Mourning Dove14		Lesser Goldfinch
Common Nighthawk3	Canada Jay	American Goldfinch2
White-throated Swift3	Steller's Jay70 Clark's Nutcracker32	
		Chipping Sparrow
Calliope Hummingbird1	Black-billed Magpie 53	Brewer's Sparrow
Rufous Hummingbird7	American Crow	Fox Sparrow8
Broad-tailed Humming355	Common Raven 52	Dark-eyed Junco
Sora1	Horned Lark	White-crowned Sparrow 95
American Coot1	Tree Swallow	Vesper Sparrow2
Wilson's Snipe12	Violet-green Swallow 79	Savannah Sparrow2
Spotted Sandpiper8	Barn Swallow	Song Sparrow24
Double-crested Cormorant12	Cliff Swallow31	Lincoln's Sparrow
American White Pelican1	Black-capped Chickadee 25	Green-tailed Towhee54
Great Blue Heron4	Mountain Chickadee 163	Spotted Towhee2
Turkey Vulture10	Bushtit 6	Red-winged Blackbird55
Osprey1	Red-breasted Nuthatch 41	Brewer's Blackbird3
Sharp-shinned Hawk1	White-breasted Nuthatch 25	Common Grackle5
Cooper's Hawk4	Pygmy Nuthatch 37	Brown-headed Cowbird 30
Northern Goshawk2	Brown Creeper 1	Orange-crowned Warbler 1
Red-tailed Hawk11	Rock Wren 7	Virginia's Warbler1
Golden Eagle1	House Wren 70	MacGillivray's Warbler 31
Great Horned Owl1	American Dipper5	Yellow Warbler9
Boreal Owl1	Golden-crowned Kinglet 10	Yellow-rumped Warbler 125
Belted Kingfisher1	Ruby-crowned Kinglet 210	Wilson's Warbler78
Williamson's Sapsucker7	Mountain Bluebird17	Western Tanager26
Red-naped Sapsucker26	Townsend's Solitaire 11	Black-headed Grosbeak 27
Am. 3-toed Woodpecker6	Veery 3	Lazuli Bunting1
Downy Woodpecker18	Swainson's Thrush27	passerine species4
Hairy Woodpecker20	Hermit Thrush	r
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Totals: 112 species; 3806 individuals; 25 individuals per count hour. Participants: Linda Andes-Georges, Bev Baker, Maureen Blackford, Gary Brower, Alex Brown, Diane Brown, Gillian Brown, George Coffee, Patricia Cullen, Virginia Evans, Mike Figgs, Audrey Godell, Dave Hallock, Paula Hansley, Jim Holitza, Steve Jones, Gerard Kelly, Nan Lederer, Eric Maxfield, Holden Maxfield, Lisa McCoy, Carron Meaney, Loren Merrill, Merle Miller, Sally Miller, Timo Mitzen, Naseem Munshi, Carol Newman-Holitza, Chris Petrizzo, Mark Pscheid, Jeannie Reynolds, Matt Reynolds, Peter Ruprecht, Cara Stiles, Lucy Stroock, Mike Tupper, Claudia Van Wie, Susan Wagner, Marty Wolf, Jeff Yegian, and George Young.