# INDIAN PEAKS FOUR SEASON BIRD COUNTS

Spring, Summer 2006

Newsletter

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## **Spring Count Summary**

The Spring Count saw a near record number of species, while overall numbers were slightly above average, but lower than last year.

### **Spring Count Summary**

Number of Species 2006 – 94 20-Year Average – 83 Record High – 95 (1996 & 1999)

> Number of Individuals 2006 – 43 per count hour 20-Year Average – 42 Record High – 54 (2004)

The weather for the first two weeks of May was quite seasonal; precipitation and temperatures were normal. There was rain or snow on seven of the first ten days of the count period. It was not until the last half of the second week that the weather began to warm up and dry out. Saturday, May 13 was the first 70°+ day in the mountains. The Ward South group (TVZ, KG, GY, JS) went out that day and was able to pick up several good finds of migrants just returning, including: olive-sided flycatcher (5<sup>th</sup> time on Spring Count), cordilleran flycatcher (5<sup>th</sup> time), Virginia's warbler (6<sup>th</sup> time), western tanager (3<sup>rd</sup> time), and savannah sparrow (7<sup>th</sup> time).

Other good finds were: American white pelican (DB; 3<sup>rd</sup> time), American wigeon (JH, CN-H, M&SM; 5<sup>th</sup> time), warbling vireo (DH; 7<sup>th</sup> time), white-faced ibis (JH, CN-H, M&SM; 5<sup>th</sup> time), and bufflehead (JH, CN-H, M&SM; 3<sup>rd</sup> time).

The drop in the tally from last year was primarily due to lower sightings of broadtailed hummingbird, American robin, yellowrumped warbler, and dark-eyed junco. There

were higher than average sightings of Canada goose, tree swallow, barn swallow, corvids (particularly Steller's Jay, Clark's nutcracker, and American crow), mountain chickadee, red-breasted nuthatch, and pygmy nuthatch.

## **Breeding Count Summary**

It was a unique summer count, and it is probable that the drought, which was more pronounced at lower elevations, had some influence. The overall numbers were average, but the number of species was high and many were unusual.

#### **Breeding Count Summary**

Number of Species 2006 – 110 20-Year Average – 100 Last Year – 104 Record High – 112 (2001)

Number of Individuals 2006 – 44 per count hour 20-Year Average – 42 Last Year – 44 Record High – 59 (2004)

Let's get right to the good stuff. Some of the best sightings were prairie warbler (1<sup>st</sup> time; DH, DB, BK [heard]), gray catbird (2<sup>nd</sup> time; DH), ovenbird (2<sup>nd</sup> time and seen in three locations; PH, GC, NS, BK, GM, JH, TD, DH), rose-breasted grosbeak (a pair hanging around a feeder for over a month; KE, MAF), Bullock's oriole (2<sup>nd</sup> time; BC), and white-winged crossbill (4<sup>th</sup> time; DH). Double-crested cormorants were seen in three locations. The Arapaho Ranch was a hot spot for rare birds, including cormorant, prairie warbler, gray catbird, rose-breasted grosbeak, and Bullock's oriole.

The tundra and krummholz also had their share of unusual sightings. My prediction heading into the breeding count

was for this to be a good year for Brewer's sparrows in the krumholz and alpine willows. And it was; 11 were seen in 6 locations, only outdone in 2002 (14 seen at 8 locations). None were seen last year. The drought seems to be playing some role. I have been following a pair in the same location weekly, but have no evidence of nesting. Sage thrashers were seen at two locations in the krummholz. A lone western meadowlark was observed singing on the tundra in mid-June; he was singing at the same location a week later.

A few species normally observed on the breeding count were missed, including Golden eagle (seen on 70% of the counts), American kestrel (70%), and belted kingfisher (only 2<sup>nd</sup> time missed; dang, I must have seen one someplace in the count circle during the six weeks).

While the overall numbers were average, there were some species with above-average counts, including rock wren, golden-crowned kinglet, ruby-crowned kinglet, hermit thrush, Virginia's warbler, yellow warbler, MacGillivray's warbler, chipping sparrow, and white-crowned sparrow. Rock wren, MacGillivray's warbler, and chipping sparrow had noticeably high counts in the subalpine; these species also had high counts in 2002, another hot and dry year.

Lower than average counts were noticeable for olive-sided flycatcher, Steller's jay, black-billed magpie, American crow, Townsend's solitaire, American robin, brownheaded cowbird, and pine siskin.

Heading into the fall and winter, be on the lookout for lots of red crossbills and some white-winged crossbills, as well as other cone seedeaters. During the first week of June we noticed plumes of pollen coming off of the Engelmann spruce trees. Large numbers of cones are now present, mostly near the tops of the trees. Subalpine fir also has a good cone crop.

#### **Looking Ahead**

#### **Fall Count**

Count Day – September 16 Count Period – September 10-24

#### **Winter Count**

Count Day – January 20 Count Period – Dec. 15 – Feb. 15

Happy Birding,

Dave Hallock

#### 2006 INDIAN PEAKS SPRING BURD COUNT

Count day – May 6; Count period – May 1-14. Weather: normal precipitation and temperature. Thirty observers, 15 (of 25) areas covered. Total party hours: 75.75. Total party miles: 163.5.

Canada Goose	Red-naped Sapsucker	Hermit Thrush         4           American Robin         177           European Starling         11           American Pipit         98           Virginia's Warbler         2           Yellow Warbler         4           Yellow-rumped Warbler         91           (Myrtle)         (1)           Western Tanager         3           Green-tailed Towhee         9           Chipping Sparrow         40           Vesper Sparrow         2           Fox Sparrow         21           Song Sparrow         31           Lincoln's Sparrow         27           Dark-eyed Junco         370           (Gray-headed)         (303)           Black-headed Grosbeak         7           Red-winged Blackbird         44           Western Meadowlark         2           Brewer's Blackbird         30           Common Grackle         25           Brown-headed Cowbird         69           Pine Grosbeak         9           Cassin's Finch         18           House Finch         9           Red crossbill         12           Pine Siskin         98
Broad-tailed Hummingbird.58	Golden-crowned Kinglet 40 Ruby-crowned Kinglet 292	Red crossbill         12           Pine Siskin         98
Belted Kingfisher1 Williamson's Sapsucker7	Mountain Bluebird 65 Townsend's Solitaire 45	Evening Grosbeak

Totals: 94 species plus 1 additional race; 3248 individuals; 43 individuals per count hour. Participants: Linda Bailey, Bev Baker, Barbara & Earl Bolton, Alex Brown, Diane Brown, Sean Burns, Andy Cowell, Todd Deininger, Marty Dick, Kayla Evans, Mike Figgs, Maryanne Flynn, Kathy Gibson, Dave Hallock, Susan Harris, Jim Holitza, Steve Jones, Bill Kaempfer, Nan Lederer, Gary Matthews, Lisa McCoy, Merle & Sally Miller, Carol Newman-Holitza, Mark Pscheid, Brian Rasmussen, Jan Stogsdill, Tom Van Zandt, George Young.

### 2006 INDIAN PEAKS BREEDING BIRD COUNT

Count day – June 17; Count period – June 1 – July 15; Weather: June was warmer and drier than normal while the first two weeks of July were cooler and wetter than normal. Thirty-one observers, 23 (of 25) areas covered. Total party hours: 140.55.

Canada Goose2	Plumbeous Vireo3	Yellow-rumped Warbler 322
Mallard38	Warbling Vireo 205	Prairie Warbler 1
Green-winged Teal4	Gray Jay 5	Ovenbird3
Ring-necked Duck18	Steller's Jay71	MacGillivray's Warbler 57
Common Merganser1	Clark's Nutcracker 72	Common Yellowthroat 2
White-tailed Ptarmigan 15	Black-billed Magpie 15	Wilson's Warbler251
Blue Grouse2	American Crow 60	Western Tanager21
Double-crested Cormorant14	Common Raven 29	Green-tailed Towhee 74
Great Blue Heron2	Horned Lark 38	Spotted Towhee 1
Turkey Vulture4	Tree Swallow 220	Chipping Sparrow94
Osprey3	Violet-green Swallow 118	Brewer's Sparrow11
Cooper's Hawk1	N. Rough-winged Swallow 5	Vesper Sparrow 3
Northern Goshawk3	Cliff Swallow32	Savannah Sparrow2
Red-tailed Hawk8	Barn Swallow 46	Fox Sparrow47
Killdeer2	Black-capped Chickadee 24	Song Sparrow43
Spotted Sandpiper13	Mountain Chickadee 206	Lincoln's Sparrow 224
Wilson's Snipe14	Red-breasted Nuthatch 52	White-crowned Sparrow 351
Band-tailed Pigeon78	White-breasted Nuthatch 25	Gray-headed Junco 303
Mourning Dove22	Pygmy Nuthatch42	Black-headed Grosbeak 24
Great Horned Owl2	Brown Creeper 21	Rose-breasted Grosbeak 2
Common Nighthawk4	Rock Wren 43	Red-winged Blackbird 45
White-throated Swift14	House Wren72	Western Meadowlark2
Broad-tailed Humming421	American Dipper7	Brewer's Blackbird11
Rufous Hummingbird3	Golden-crowned Kinglet 73	Common Grackle10
Williamson's Sapsucker5	Ruby-crowned Kinglet 453	Brown-headed Cowbird 41
Red-naped Sapsucker17	Western Bluebird 1	Bullock's Oriole1
Downy Woodpecker5	Mountain Bluebird42	Brown-capped Rosy-Finch4
Hairy Woodpecker27	Townsend's Solitaire 22	Pine Grosbeak23
Am. Three-toed Wood4	Swainson's Thrush18	Cassin's Finch30
Northern Flicker52	Hermit Thrush234	House Finch8
Olive-sided Flycatcher9	American Robin 354	Red Crossbill83
Western Wood-Pewee21	Gray Catbird2	White-winged Crossbill3
Hammond's Flycatcher14	Sage Thrasher2	Pine Siskin218
Dusky Flycatcher93	American Pipit 123	American Goldfinch2
Cordilleran Flycatcher74	Orange-crowned Warbler 1	Evening Grosbeak
Empidonax species7	Virginia's Warbler 14	House Sparrow29
Say's Phoebe1	Yellow Warbler 35	

Totals: 110 species; 6161 individuals; 44 individuals per count hour. Participants: Bev Baker, Earl & Barbara Bolton, John & Willi Brocklehurst, Diane Brown, George Coffee, Bob Cohen, Todd Deininger, Kayla Evans, Lee & Virginia Evans, Mike Figgs, Laura Fisher, Maryanne Flynn, Dave Hallock, Paula Hansley, Jack Harlan, Jim Holitza, Steve Jones, Bill Kaempfer, Nan Lederer, Cat Luna, Gary Matthews, Lisa McCoy, Merl Miller, Naseem Munshi, Mark Pscheid, Robin Sell, Natalie Shrewsbury, Michael Tupper.